

Name: _____

<p>1. The curve C has the equation $y = x^2 - x - 12$. The finite region R lies beneath the x-axis and is bounded by the curve C and the x-axis. Find the area of the region R.</p>	
<p>2. Find the coordinates of intersection between the curves $y = x + 2$, $y = 3x^2 - 5x + 2$</p>	
<p>3. The curve C has the equation $y = f(x)$ where $f(x) = x^3 - 4x$.</p> <p>(a) Find the coordinates of the points where C crosses or meets the coordinate axes.</p> <p>(b) Show that the equation of the curve with equation $y = f(x - 2)$ can be written in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ where a, b, c and d are constants to be found.</p> <p>(c) Sketch the curve with equation $y = f(x - 2)$</p>	
<p>4. Give a counter-example to the claim that all natural numbers are divisible by some prime.</p>	