
1. $A(-3, 4)$ and $B(1, 6)$. The perpendicular
bisector of AB intersects the coordinate axes at the
points C and D .

- (a) Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of AB.
- (b) Find the points C and D and hence find the area of the triangle OCD, where O is the origin.
- 2. Find the set of values of x that satisfy $\frac{27}{2x-1} < 3$
- 3. $f(x) = 2x^3 + ax^2 x + 6$ has a factor (x + 1)

Find the value of a and hence factorise f(x) fully into a product of linear factors.

4. The line l has equation y = 5 - 2x. The line l is parallel to the tangent to the curve

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^4 - \frac{5}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 4x + 1$$
 at the point *P*. Find

the possible x coordinates of the point P.

[hint: your answer to Q3 will be helpful]